

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for providing trick mode functionality, comprising the steps of:
  - (a) storing a video stream containing dependent frames in memory;
  - (b) storing information related to the video stream in memory;
  - (c) receiving a request for a trick mode operation;
  - (d) responsive to receiving the request for a trick mode operation, decoding a plurality of undecoded dependent frames ~~corresponding to~~ in the video stream to create a single decoded frame; and
  - (e) outputting the single decoded frame.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising repeating steps (d) and (e) until the trick mode operation is cancelled.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining whether the video stream includes independent frames.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the video stream does not include independent frames.
5. (Cancelled)
6. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein an independent frame is an I-frame.
7. (Cancelled)
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the undecoded dependent frames are P-frames.

9-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the related information comprises an index table.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the index table identifies storage locations of respective sequence headers.

13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the index table identifies storage locations of respective frame start codes.

14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the index table identifies frame types.

15. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the index table identifies times of when respective frames were stored.

16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the related information identifies whether the video stream contains I-frames.

17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the related information comprises Packet identification codes (PIDs).

18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of sequential undecoded dependent frames are determined based at least in part on a type of the video stream.

19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the single decoded frame is output a plurality of times.

20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the plurality of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on an output picture rate.

21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the plurality of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on a speed of the trick mode operation.

22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the plurality of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on a ratio of P-frames to B-frames in the video stream.

23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the plurality of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on the plurality of sequential undecoded dependent frames.

24. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the trick mode operation is a fast play mode.

25. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the trick mode operation is a rewind mode.

26. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a first tuner receives an analog video signal corresponding to a first video stream and a second tuner simultaneously receives a digital compressed stream corresponding to a second video stream; wherein the first video stream and the second video stream are annotated to facilitate future retrieval from memory; wherein the first video stream and the second video stream are stored in memory; and wherein at least one of the first video stream and the second video stream is output to a display device.

27. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein an entry point for a trick mode operation is specified based on an elapsed normal playback time and/or a number of frames relative to a beginning of the video stream.

28. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein in response to the request, a processor reads information in an index table, retrieves annotation data that correspond to the video stream, and determines an entry point for fulfilling the trick mode request.

29. (Currently Amended) A system for providing trick mode functionality, comprising: memory for storing a video stream and information related to the video stream; determination logic configured to determine whether a request for a trick mode operation has been received in connection with the video stream; and

decoding logic configured to decode a plurality of undecoded dependent frames corresponding to the video stream to produce a single decoded frame, responsive to the determination logic determining that the request for the trick mode operation has been received; and

output logic configured to output ~~[[a]] the single~~ decoded frame, ~~wherein the decoded frame is created as a result of the decoding logic decoding the plurality of undecoded dependent frames.~~

30. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the related information comprises an index table.

31. (Original) The system of claim 30, wherein the index table identifies storage locations of respective sequence headers.

32. (Original) The system of claim 30, wherein the index table identifies storage locations of respective frame start codes.

33. (Original) The system of claim 30, wherein the index table identifies frame types.

34. (Original) The system of claim 30, wherein the index table identifies times of when respective frames were stored.

35. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the related information identifies whether the video stream contains I-frames.

36. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the related information comprises Packet identification codes (PIDs).

37. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the plurality of undecoded dependent frames are determined based at least in part on a type of the video stream.

38. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 29, wherein a number of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on an output picture rate.

39. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 29, wherein a number of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on a speed of the trick mode operation.

40. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 29, wherein a number of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on a ratio of P-frames to B-frames in the video stream.

41. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 29, wherein a number of times that the single decoded frame is output is determined based at least in part on the plurality of undecoded dependent frames.

42. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the trick mode operation is a fast play mode.

43. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the trick mode operation is a rewind mode.

44. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein a first tuner receives an analog video signal corresponding to a first video stream and a second tuner simultaneously receives a digital compressed stream corresponding to a second video stream; wherein the first video stream and the second video stream are annotated to facilitate future retrieval from memory; wherein the first video stream and the second video stream are stored in memory; and wherein at least one of the first video stream and the second video stream is output to a display device.

45. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein an entry point for a trick mode operation is specified based on an elapsed normal playback time and/or a number of frames relative to a beginning of the video stream.

46. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein in response to the request, a processor reads information in an index table, retrieves annotation data that correspond to the video stream, and determines an entry point for fulfilling the trick mode request.

47. (Cancelled)

48. (New) A method for providing trick mode functionality, comprising the steps of:  
storing in memory a video stream;  
storing information related to the video stream in memory;  
receiving a request for a trick mode operation;  
determining whether the video stream contains independent frames;  
responsive to receiving the request for a trick mode operation, decoding a plurality of undecoded dependent frames corresponding to the video stream to create a single decoded frame if the video stream does not contain independent frames; and  
outputting the single decoded frame a plurality of times.

49. (New) The method of claim 48, further comprising the steps of:  
decoding a first frame in the plurality of undecoded dependent frames;  
decoding another frame in the plurality of undecoded dependent frames using the  
decoded first frame as an anchor; and  
outputting the another frame a plurality of times.

50. (New) The method of claim 49, further comprising the steps of:  
decoding a first frame in the plurality of undecoded dependent frames; and  
decoding each remaining frame in the plurality of undecoded dependent frames using  
the previously decoded frame as an anchor; and  
outputting one of the remaining frames a plurality of times.

51. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the plurality of undecoded dependent  
frames comprises a series of undecoded dependent frames, and further comprising the steps  
of:  
decoding the first frame in the series of undecoded dependent frames;  
decoding each remaining frame in the series of undecoded dependent frames using one  
of the previously decoded frames as an anchor; and  
outputting one of the remaining frames a plurality of times.

52. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the plurality of undecoded dependent  
frames comprises a series of undecoded dependent frames, and further comprising the steps  
of:  
decoding a first frame in the series of undecoded dependent frames;  
decoding each remaining frame in the series of undecoded dependent frames using one  
of the previously decoded frames as an anchor; and  
outputting the last frame of the remaining frames a plurality of times.